30 December 1960

Vol. 73, pp. 195-196

574.0673

### PROCEEDINGS

#### OF THE

# BIOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF WASHINGTON

## SAEDELEERIA, NEW GENUS OF THE FAMILY ALLOGROMIIDAE (FORAMINIFERA)

By Alfred R. LOEblich, Jr. and Helen Tappan California Research Corporation, La Habra, California and University of California at Los Angeles

The genus Diplogromia was described by Rhumbler (1904: 214) as differing from Gromia Dujardin in the character of the pseudopodia, and in having a double walled shell. Included in Diplogromia were the species Gromia brunneri Blanc, 1886, and Gromia gemma Penard, 1889. No type was originally cited for the genus, and Cushman (1928: 60) selected Gromia brunneri Blanc as type by subsequent designation.

De Saedeleer (1932: 67) emended Diplogromia, apparently overlooking Cushman's earlier type designation, and restricted Diplogromia to include only Gromia gemma. He proposed the new genus Allelogromia, with Gromia brunneri Blanc as type species. Thus Allelogromia is a junior objective (isogenotypic) synonym of Diplogromia Rhumbler, 1904.

In recent publications *Diplogromia* has been included as a synonym of *Gromia* by some authors (Jírovec, 1953: 329; Kudo, 1954: 472), but both *Diplogromia* and *Allelogromia* were recognized by Deflandre (1953: 140), with *Gromia* gemma included in *Diplogromia*, and *Gromia brunneri* in *Allelogromia*. No comment was made as to the type species of *Diplogromia* or *Allelogromia* however.

Inasmuch as *Gromia brunneri* had been fixed as the type of *Diplogromia* in 1928 (Cushman) and *Allelogromia* De Saedeleer, 1932, is thus a junior synonym, the generic taxon including *Gromia gemma* is left nameless, and *Saedeleeria* Loeblich and Tappan, new genus, is hereby proposed for it.

Diplogromia Rhumbler, 1904, type species Gromia brunneri

NAMES OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

29—PROC. BIOL. Soc. WASH., VOL. 73, 1960 (195)

2.11-11-10-50

### 196 Proceedings of the Biological Society of Washington

Blanc, fixed by subsequent designation by Cushman (1928: 60) contains the additional species *Gromia squamosa* Penard, 1888, and *G. nigricans* Penard, 1902.

Gromia linearis Penard, originally included in Allelogromia by De Saedeleer, was made the type species of *Penardogromia* Deflandre (1953: 140).

#### Saedeleeria Loeblich and Tappan, new genus

Diplogromia Rhumbler of DE SAEDELEER, 1934 (not Diplogromia Rhumbler, 1904), Mus. Roy. d'Hist. Nat. Belgique, Mém. 60: 67.

Type species: Gromia gemma Penard, 1889. Monotypic.

Granulo-reticulose pseudopodia, asymmetrically developed as a pseudopodial "peduncle" in the apertural region; single chambered test with thick double-layered wall, outer layer with granular inclusions, inner layer homogeneous and hyaline; aperture rounded, with asymmetrical inverted neck.

#### LITERATURE CITED

Cushman, J. A. 1928. Foraminifera Their Classification and Economic Use. Cushman Lab. Foram. Research, Spec. Publ. No. 1, pp. 1–401.

Deflandre, G. 1953. In Grassé, P., Traité de Zoologie, 1(1): 97-148.

- Jírovec, O. 1953. Protozoologie. Naklad. Česk. Akad. Věd, Praha, 1–643.
- Kudo, R. R. 1954. Protozoology. 4th Ed., C. C. Thomas and Co., Springfield, Ill., pp. 1–966.
- Rhumbler, L. 1904. Systematische Zusammenstellung der recenten Reticulosa. Archiv. fur Protist., 3: 181–294.
- De Saedeleer, H. 1934. Beitrag zur Kenntnis der Rhizopoden: morphologische und systematische Untersuchungen und ein Klassifikationsversuch. Mus. Roy. d'Hist. Nat. de Belgique, Mém. No. 66, pp. 1–112.